

**OUR SLOGAN:** An Industrial Metropolis of Industrious People Who Pull Together.

On their side, France and Belgium promise not to violate Germany's western frontier. Should either party violate the agreements set forth the pact provides that Great Britain and Italy shall go to the aid of the aggrieved party, whether it be Germany, France or Belgium.

tend exhibiting seed grain at the International Hay and Grain Show at Chicago in November are reminded that their entries should be in the hands of officials of the Department of Agriculture at Edmonton not later than November 3, in order that they may be in the proper hands at Chicago in plenty of time. The actual exhibits should be shipped to the Provincial Seed Cleaning Plant at Edmonton for shipment to Chicago.

ing, November and.

See if your name is in one of the  
Cameo readers.

railroads having been loaned especially for the purpose.

## ALS

## NO COMEDY

## Orchestra, Adm

Children, 25c







## The Redcliff Review

Published Every Thursday  
At the Review Office, Third Street  
Redcliff, Alberta

SUBSCRIPTION RATES:  
In Canada and Great Britain .....\$2.00  
United States .....\$3.00

Advertising Rates Furnished on  
Application  
Ed. L. Stone, Editor and Prop.

THURSDAY, OCT. 22, 1926.

## Here and There

Sport conditions are very good in New Brunswick this year. Harold Chadwick operating hunting camps in the province reports that at the end of September catches of speckled trout weighing 12½ lbs. were taken one day while a hunter took out a big game licence September 22nd and three days later had deer and bear.

The world's most northerly police post, also the most remote of any human habitation, is to be constructed next year for the Royal Canadian Mounted Police at the far end of Ellesmere Island. Building materials and two years' supplies will be cached within easy freighting distance of the point where men will be detailed for patrol duty on the lonely shores of Baffin Strait.

Appointments recently made through the office of the Comptroller Canadian Pacific Railway headquarters are W. J. Cherry who becomes Freight Claims Auditor in place of J. R. Steele retired under pension rules, and W. L. Moran appointed Assistant Freight Claims Auditor. Both these gentlemen have been connected with the Freight Claims department for many years past.

Because the prospects for hunting and fishing in northern regions of Quebec are more attractive this autumn than they have been for several seasons, the number of residents of the United States applying to the Quebec association for the protection of fish and game for guides and licenses is much greater than it has been for some time, according to the secretary of the association.

## Churches

## GORDON MEMORIAL UNITED CHURCH

R. N. Matheson, B.A., Minister  
Dear stranger: If your home church is not in town Gordon Memorial feels glad to welcome you to share in their activities and service.  
Organizations of Congregation meet—  
Official Board, Second Tuesday of each quarter.  
Communion Service, Second Sunday of each quarter.  
Ladies' Aid, Thursday afternoon at 3 o'clock, except last Thursday of the month.  
Women's Missionary Society, the last Thursday afternoon of each month at 3 o'clock.  
C. G. L. T., Tuesday 8:00 p.m.  
Willing Workers' Mission Band, the First and Third Mondays of each month at 4:15 p.m.

Sunday, October 25th—  
10:00 a.m., Church School.  
Paul in Ephesus.  
11:00 a.m., Morning Worship.  
Subject: "Paul's Conception of the Church."  
7:30 p.m., Evening Service.  
"The Perils of Neglect."

## ST. ANDREW'S CHURCH

Rev. J. L. Cooper, B.A., Vicar  
20th Sunday after Trinity, Oct. 25th.  
Early Communion at 8 a.m.  
Sunday School, Parish hall, 10 a.m.  
Matins and Sermon, 11 a.m.  
(Evening at St. Mary's, Alderton at 3 p.m.)  
Evangelist and Sermon, 7:30 p.m.  
Monday, Oct. 26—A. V. P. A. visit to St. Barnabas', Medicine Hat.  
Tuesday, Oct. 27—Children's Choir practice in Parish hall, 4:15 p.m.  
Wednesday, Oct. 28—J. W. A. Devotional and business meeting (both divisions), 4:15 p.m.  
Confirmation class at Vicarage, St. Thursday, Oct. 29—A. V. A. meeting in Parish hall, 2:30 p.m.  
Friday, Oct. 30—Evening at 7:30, followed by choir practice.

## CHURCH OF THE BIRTHDAY

Sunday School, 10:30 a.m.  
Usual services will be held.

## ST. MARY'S CHURCH

Celebration of Mass 8th and 4th Sundays of each month at 8:30 a.m., by Rev. Father Fitzpatrick.

## Labor's Interest in the Tariff

by TOM MOORE

(President, the Trades and Labor Congress of Canada)

THE assumption that tariff protection is a matter of concern for employers only is entirely wrong. Workers have on numerous occasions shown their keen interest in the same as the following instances show:

The miners of Nova Scotia demand the imposition of a tariff duty against U. S. coal so as to insure a larger home market for their product.

Shipbuilding trades demand at least a 20 per cent duty against foreign ships to maintain wage rates and yet compete successfully for Canadian ship construction.

The printing trades are urging tariff protection against imported printing matter so as to conserve for Canadian printers the several million dollars worth of advertising and similar material now printed each year outside of Canada.

Pattern makers have on many occasions requested the fullest application of tariff duties so as to prevent importation of patterns under the guise of models, which are admitted free.

Canadian shoe operators are now voicing strong objection to the present increase of the British preference, which they claim has resulted in large imports and thus lessened their own opportunities for employment.

## Not Blind to Abuses

These are only a few of the more outstanding cases, all of which clearly demonstrate the statement that workers are interested in tariff protection. This should not be taken, however, to mean that Labor is blind to the abuses of tariff protection which at times have been disclosed, or that they blindly accept the present method of fixing the tariff. On the contrary they realize that unsatisfactory conditions are possible in many tariff protected industries and further realize that little change can be expected so long as political expediency, instead of business methods, governs tariff policies.

The views of organized Labor on this matter are set forth in the following pronouncement adopted at the convention of the Trades and Labor Congress of Canada and supported generally by Labor organizations throughout the Dominion:

"Your executive is of the opinion that tariff decisions should be made on a basis of political expediency and the decision for their maintenance, or abolition, should be reached only after exhaustive inquiry and with a view to enabling the worker, in such industries, to be paid proper wage standards, without destroying the industry by unfair competition from sources outside of Canada. We recommend the formation of a Tariff Board, on which organized Labor should have proper representation, created with full powers to deal with this subject in a similar manner to the powers exercised by the Railway Commission on railroad matters."

What this signifies is that Labor accepts the policy of tariff protection for industry as a necessary corollary of the protection of their own means of earning a living.

Free trade ideals are held by most workers, but they know that, like disarmament, these ideals can only be brought into effect by general international agreement, and that isolated national action is likely to be successful in improving their conditions.

Great Britain is often referred to as the home of free trade, but anyone entering its ports, receiving the long printed list of dutiable and prohibited articles, and undergoing the rigorous customs inspection is soon disillusioned as to that. In fact, there are no really free trade industrial countries, although geographical location, trade routes and numerous matters vary the degree to which policies of protection for home industries are applied.

Even were international agreement reached to establish free trade it would be necessary to, at the same time, establish freedom of movement for all peoples, and Labor has not shown itself as yet ready for this.

## Supports Quota Law

United States Labor supports the drastic restrictive quota law. Canadian Labor demands regulation of immigration so as to admit only certain classes and those who are to adopt the means to maintain established standards of living. Australian Labor refuses entry to Orientals. South African white Labor draws a line of demarcation, reserving certain skilled trades for themselves alone. French Labor is fighting to protect its economic interests against the invasion of millions of immigrants now pouring into that country from Italy and other points. Austrian Labor protests the unrestricted admission of underpaid Hungarian workers and similar conditions exist in many other countries. Even if all tariff protection were internationally abolished it would be absolutely essential that the restrictions referred to above should be aimed so that workers removed so that workers, irrespective of nationality, race or color, could follow to any other country the industry in which their training and skill enable them to best earn a living. It is too late to discuss whether Canada should be a free trade nation, an industrial country, and as to whether or should not all tariff barriers its citizens could be supplied with all needed manufactured products from the United States, Great Britain or other countries. Nearly one-half the working population of Canada is now engaged in manufacturing products, and their interests demand the same consideration and protection from the state as that of any other class. Workers engaged in our industries have, in thousands of cases, not only invested their mere savings in the building of a home, but also have mortgaged their future for years to come to complete their payments on the same. Their ability to do so is dependent in most cases on the continuation of the industry in which they are employed, and the closing down of a factory which might, only to a minor degree, be serious to capital, means everything to the workers. Too little thought is generally given to this tremendous collective investment of the workers, which would be utterly destroyed if the continuance of our industries was made impossible or seriously interfered with.

## Barriers Needed

It is in this direction that one of Labor's greatest interests in tariff protection lies. Of almost equal importance, however, is the need for forming barriers which will prevent the importation of manufactured products made under conditions that Canadian Labor could not, and would not, tolerate. Recent information as to the exploitation of child labor in the textile mills of Japan, China and India, and the importation of goods made in foreign prisons demonstrates this very fully. Canadians have no control as to whether goods imported into Canada are produced in insanitary factories; by avowed labor, or by the exploitation of women and children; but through the imposition of a tariff these goods can be prevented from unduly competing with those produced in our country. An outstanding instance of how this can be applied is the recent decision of the Austrian chamber of deputies authorizing the government to increase, by an amount not exceeding one-third, the import duties produced by customs tariff on industrial products which have not adopted the Washington Eight-Hour Day Convention of 1919, and whose standard in regard to hours is considerably below that of the said convention.

An ideal tariff is one which would equalize the difference between labor costs, transportation, accessibility of raw materials, etc., of imported products and those produced in Canada. It is useless to merely advocate a policy of "Buy made-in-Canada goods" if foreign goods made under much worse conditions can be imported

to sell at a lower price. Necessity oftentimes forces the average worker to take advantage of every economy, even though it may result in creating unemployment for themselves or some other worker at a future date.

It is wrong to assume that tariff alone is responsible for profiteering. Experience in England, and exposure of excessive profiteering in food stuffs and other articles not affected by the tariff in this country amply proves this.

Labor will co-operate with any other group to expose profiteers whether they gouge the consumer under a tariff protection or by a trust monopoly. But the exposure of such abuses is not sufficient to induce Labor to accept a policy of abolition of tariffs which would undoubtedly destroy a large number of the industries at present operating in Canada and force into either idleness or unconsolidated occupations thousands of those now employed in such industries.

(Publicity Committee, Medicine Hat Conservative Association)  
HOW TO MARK YOUR BALLOT

It is not an official Ballot. It is used only as an advertisement MARK BALLOT WITH AN X ONLY

BLACKSTOCK X

GERSHAW

McDANIEL

Your ballot as above for Blackstock will give Redcliff a government representative, and will help place in power a government with a policy for the protection of industry, Labor and Agriculture. Help make Redcliff a real industrial centre by voting for Blackstock.

Tom Moore, president of the Trades and Labor Congress of Canada, says Labor needs protection. So Does Blackstock. His opponents say no. Take your choice.

(Redcliff Conservative Committee.)

THIS WINTER Canadian Pacific

Rail - Steamship

To The OLD COUNTRY

XMAS SAILINGS

Dec. 5 MONTROSE Liverpool  
" 10 ELITA Cherbourg-Southampton-Antwerp  
" 11 ETAGAMA Greenock (Glasgow) Liverpool  
" 16 ONTCLAIR Liverpool  
" 23 ONTAINRIER Greenock (Glasgow) Liverpool

SPECIAL TRAIN TO SHIP'S SIDE AT W. SAINT JOHN  
From Winnipeg 10:00 a.m. Dec. 8 and 15 connecting with S. S. Metagama and S. S. Montclair  
SLEEPERS FOR OTHER SAILINGS  
EARLY BOOKING INSURES CHOICE ACCOMMODATION  
For full information and reservations ask any agent of the

CANADIAN PACIFIC

Commercial Job Printing

THE REDCLIFF REVIEW is fully equipped to turn out the highest class or Job Printing the most fastidious of our customers can desire. With a large variety of type faces we can handle any job, whatever the size, and we turn out our work with a promptness and despatch very few offices can excel.

Municipalities, U.F.A. organizations, Agricultural Societies, etc., should get our prices before placing their printing orders.

A TRIAL ORDER SOLICITED

The Kind of Printing You Want is The Kind of Printing We Print

THE REDCLIFF REVIEW

ENVELOPES  
LETTERHEADS  
NOTE HEADS  
BILLHEADS  
STATEMENTS  
CIRCULARS  
BOOKLETS  
PRIZE LISTS  
TICKETS  
VISTING CARDS  
BUSINESS CARDS  
PROGRAMS  
RULED FORMS  
BALANCE SHEETS  
DODGERS  
POSTERS  
AUCTION BILLS

A gift of \$1,000 each to physicians Cavendish and Marberry for their work during the baseball season, has been awarded by the Washington Ball Club.

Dr. J. R. PATTERSON  
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON  
Office over Hally Drug Store  
Office hours: 10 to 12 a.m., 2 to 4 and 7 to 9 p.m. Phone 6.

FRANK BAIRD  
BARRISTER, SOLICITOR,  
NOTARY PUBLIC, etc.  
Office Broadway, Phone 79  
REDCLIFF, ALBERTA

DR. J. CLARY WRAY  
Dental Surgeon  
Office Dixon Block, 6th Ave.,  
Medicine Hat  
(Over J.J. Moore & Son's)  
Hours 9 to 12 1/2 p.m. every day  
and 6 to 8 on Saturday

WM. HENDERSON  
Insurer of  
FIRE INSURANCE  
Rent Collections Attended to  
Office Opp. Redcliff Hotel

Light Draying  
All kinds of light draying to any part of the town will be promptly attended to.  
Orders may be left at the C. P. R. Station, Phone 34.  
Prompt Service Guaranteed.

J. L. WRIGHT

Hay For Sale  
BY THE BALE, TON OR CAR  
Also  
Oat Bundles  
HARRY JOHNSON

Lang Bros. Ltd.  
INSURANCE  
Fire Accident  
Life Sickness  
651 2nd St. Medicine Hat  
Telephone 8854

## Alchemy And The Atom

Reconstruction of Civilization May Be Necessary Through Advancement of Science

Man has been able to initiate nature in a microscopic way in the laboratory and thereby has gained much knowledge. He can produce artificial lightning and thunder, he can generate heat equal to that given out by the sun; he can transmute metals, he can break up the atom. But it costs too much to do any of these things, and so far as known nature does them all without half trying and without stirring up. A German scientist produced gold from mercury, but he had to explain that it would cost to do so \$200,000 an ounce.

Dr. Gerald L. Wundt, of the department of physics and chemistry at Pennsylvania State College, told a scientific gathering of the advancement in releasing atomic energy, and expressed the belief that soon this power would be at the disposal of man. If this prediction comes true, it will mean the reconstruction of civilization through a new energy that will make industry independent of coal and even hydro-electric power.

Dr. Wundt placed a hydrogen atom in a vacuum tube through which he sent a current, with the result that more energy came out than went in, but the tungsten was transformed into helium. But to bring this about he had to use a temperature of 60,000 degrees Fahrenheit. "This experiment, on itself, as the scientist admitted, is much higher than the sun's heat, 25,000 degrees hotter than the hottest star."

Just now it costs immensely more to release fully the energy within an atom than the return justify. On another plan, that of universal ethics, it might be dangerous to turn over to man his present state of affairs. On another plan, the whole secret. He will not regard the obligations placed upon him for his fall. "In the event of this, the state that has not been."

## Evidence That Europe Was Cradle Of Man

The skull of an ancient Italian who lived at Capernaum some 20,000 to 25,000 years before Christ, buried in a tomb, was found in the cave of the Sassi di San Giovanni, near the site of the ancient city of Capernaum, where Christ performed many of his miracles.

## Proud Of Combination

Phone Girls in London Hotel All Have Red Hair

Sophomore has just discovered that all the girls in the telephone exchange of the Hotel Savoy, London, are red haired. "Why? Well, it seems to have just happened, though a Harley physician when confronted with the interesting problem that situation suggested, said it had been found that red haired people were more than usually gifted as far as their natural contrivances are concerned.

At any rate, the eight young women who spend their days answering the ringing summons of Indian princes and American millionaires are extraordinarily proud of their hair's combination, and fondly treasure the doctor's pronouncement.

## Gave Him His Start

The physician's son was entertaining his playmate at his home. They were playing at being doctors. The son, who was a doctor, had a small skeleton to the terrified gaze of his playmate. "It's nothing to be afraid of," he said. "It's only an old skeleton." "Why-wh-where did it come from?" quavered the other. "Oh, I don't know. Papa had it for a long time. I expect it was his first patient."

## He Did

A farmer who was busy sent a message to a neighbor with a hastily scribbled note requesting the loan of a dokey.

When the neighbor received the note he also was very busy, and had no time to decipher the hasty scribbles, so he said to the messenger:

"Tell your master that I will come myself."

He—There's a certain question I've wanted to ask you for weeks.

—Well, yes, I've had the answer ready for months.

W. N. N. 1934

## Old Curriculum Will Not Surrender Prestige

Reading, 'Rithmetic, Being Better Taught Than in Former Years

The old-fashioned bookkeeper who could add a column of figures was highly respected. He was considered something of a wizard in his home office until the adding machine and other modern office devices came into use. Then his importance suffered somewhat, as his skill became only a humble finger-flick with a little calculator could accomplish the same mathematical results.

Nevertheless the third of the three "R's" in the old school curriculum is not quite ready to surrender its prestige in the new mechanical order of things. As a prelude to higher mathematics for the future high school and college student or the better paid trades and positions, it is as indispensable as ever. Superintendent of School McAndrew found, too, that it was viewed as valuable in still other directions.

A canvass of thirty-five persons in widely different vocations, from accountants, architects, engineers, and salesmen, revealed a very decided opinion that the grade school courses in 'rithmetic were valuable for the development of logic and reliability among the pupils.

Fifty years ago when the pre-eminent test of a man's education was his ability to do arithmetic, the curriculum went unchallenged. Assistant Superintendent of Schools for the city of Chicago, Mr. McAndrew, said that the children of the seventh grade in the Chicago public school system. The general average for the pupils was 52.7 per cent, and only 2 per cent, papers were correct for every problem. Fifty per cent of the pupils failed completely.

In June, 1925, Superintendent McAndrew administered the same test to the seventh grade pupils in 100 public schools chosen by lot. The general average of all the papers was 58.1 per cent, and 11.2 per cent of the papers scored the correct 100 marks of the grade school pupil. The lowest averages of all the papers in a single school was 65.1 per cent, the highest 82.2 per cent.

## Would Eat Raw Meat

Japan to Experiment on Raw Product For The Diet

With the popular appetite for meat steadily increasing in the land of Nippon, it is now proposed to experiment on the raw product for the diet, according to Dr. Tanaka, special government food commissioner, who is in the United States gathering data in the interests of an economical meat supply for his nation. During his stay here, Dr. Tanaka has conferred with officials of the national livestock and meat board, and other authorities of the industry.

"We have long been accustomed to eating our fishes raw, so why cannot meat be used in the same way," is the logic offered by Dr. Tanaka. "Of course, we are not prepared to say as yet whether raw meat will be practical, but we are at least considering the possibilities."

The Japanese are learning more about the food value of meat products, calories, etc., said the visitor. They can do very well without corn, milk and a number of other foods, but they are now familiar with the taste of meat and food that they must have it.

The problem is, according to the commission, to supply meat at a sufficiently low price to be available to the masses. It is possible for the meat to be sold at a low price, but he has no way of knowing the cost of labor for the Japanese class.

He said the fact of this situation is that all classes have now come to the realization that meat is the necessary food element to keep their bodies fit.

Asked if million in any way interferes with meat consumption in Japan, the doctor was emphatic in his negative reply.

He pointed out that in the consumption of meat, the Japanese are very economical. They eat it all and there is no waste to be consigned to the garbage can. It is interesting to note that they do not make use of it in soup, as is done in America.

Professor—"What makes you think that they had plenty during the war?"

Assistant—"But just discovered a preserved meat butter sandwich."

Never worry about trifles. The hole that let the water into your shoe will let it out again.

## Communism In Insect Life

Entire Giving Up Of Life Of Individual For Community

The human slugard is told to go to the ant to learn industry. The human slugard might be told to go to the ant to learn socialism. The ants have carried out forms of social life to a degree not yet nearly approached by any group of human beings. This is a matter of common knowledge. Perhaps we can learn from the ants whether we want to go as far as they have in the way of communism, for at least this is the suggestion of Dr. Vernon Kellogg, secretary of the National Research Council, in the current issue of the Scientific Monthly.

Dr. Kellogg explains how with all the ants and with those kinds of bees and wasps which have adopted a communal life, there is a waste giving up of the life of the individual for the life of the community. Each worker ant or bee or wasp works not for itself but for the community. The worker collects food not for itself but for the community. It has no children of its own, but it helps take care of the children of the community, which are all protected by the queen. Biologically, the communal insects are very successful. These communities thrive, and they are the most successful of insect kinds. Do they have? Nobody knows.

## Gold Found By Diving Rod

Further Discovery of Silver Capuchin mine is reported by mountain folk to be litted with super-natural power, was searching for water with a diving rod in the Apennine Mountains recently when the action of the rod caused gold. Peasants started digging and found gold-bearing quartz which assayed four grams of gold and 54 grams of silver to the ton and a company has been formed to mine the gold.

## Settlers From Ireland

Forty-nine Irishmen, in charge of M. Mulvey, have arrived in Northern Alberta and will be located in the Edmonton district. The party came from Cork, Limerick, Carlow and Dublin counties. Archbishop O'Leary and other dignitaries and officials of the archdiocese have undertaken to see that the newcomers are given every chance to make good.

## Immortality Of War

Scientists Mathematical Certainty That Nobody Dies Entirely

Professor Charles Henry of the Sorbonne, one of the leading mathematicians of France, declared that he had proof of the scientific mathematical certainty that "nobody dies entirely." Starting religious had sought to establish the immortality of death and to bring the infinite prolongation of life, Prof. Henry went on:

"Among scientists there are means for measuring the radiation of all substances for everything emanates radiation, your lamp, your stove, your body, they are warmed by the sun's rays.

Calculate that radiation, which is due to heat, due to electro-magnetic elements as it goes to the attraction of its atoms. If you make the calculations conscientiously, you will with astonished surprise find yourself up against something unknown, some force which is neither one or the other of these.

"Repeat ten times ten hundred times, and calculate your many low number—always you will discover this hidden power which manifests itself, but remains utterly elusive, an ideal stuff, defying all the scales and microscopes in the world, but always present with obstinate exactness.

"Who knows, did they are far too subtle an order to pre-occupy themselves with the psycho-calculations of death. What happens to them? As they cannot disappear, they must proceed somewhere to find another exponent in order to recover the balance and stability of temporary harmony."

"That little something which gives us a delicate personality among the millions of your fellow-beings is immortal. You hand your soul on to others, that's all."

## Make Train Collisions Impossible

A collision of locomotives will one day be impossible according to a German engineer, Helmut Hord, who has patented a new anti-collision device. A magnet is built into the rail near signals, and when a train is to halt the magnetic current in the rail intensifies the influence of a magnet in the locomotive, which automatically cuts off the steam.

## Lovers: Them I Understand

To love, witness, that parties come to high water?

Witness: No, sir; what I say is, the more were particularly low.

## An Interesting Experiment

Believe That Mosquitoes Bite, Causing Malaria, Is More For Humanity

Malaria mosquitoes are being used at Kpom mental hospital in England to infect patients suffering from general paralysis of the insane to determine if the resulting malaria fever will alleviate or cure their insanity. The treatment was developed on the continent, where it is claimed that the fever of malaria acts on the organism of the spine and brain that are responsible for paralysis, destroying their virulence.

Infection is covered through the bite of a mosquito. A patient is taken into a room with double doors and windows. Mosquitoes are released from a box to which they are returned after they have bitten the patient. For the malaria fever that develops, the patient is given the ordinary treatment.

It was the first British hospital to try the experiment. The reaction of the paralyzed insane to malaria was first observed when an epidemic of malaria in a European asylum left many of the patients materially improved.

## Sunlight Good Brain Food

Mental Tests Show Proper Exposure Increases Intellectual Output

In addition to their beneficial effects, the rays of natural or artificial sunlight are declared to refine the purpose of a brain food, according to Dr. Henry Gwynne, a British surgeon.

Dr. Gwynne's researches, he says, if carried out in a rational and restricted way, increases the intellectual output, and he offers as proof, comparative mental tests made on two groups of children in two different London hospitals. Those who were receiving special treatment as such institution where sun exposure was regularly given, manifested such great mental superiority over another group not so treated that the difference could be credited only to the sunlight effect.

## Oldest Exhibitor Is 103

There was an exhibitor 103 years of age at the Canadian National exhibition this year, Mrs. Orest of Toronto, who sent in contributions in embroidery.

She is able to read without glasses. The second oldest exhibitor was a lady of 97, Mrs. J. J. Toronto.

There were 2,000 exhibitors in the Women's building this year, a great increase over other years.

## Teach Goodwill In Schools

League of Nations Would Get Errors Out of History

The elimination from histories, geographies and other textbooks of "war" graphs which tend to perpetuate national animosities and misunderstandings is one of the aims of the League of Nations committee on intellectual cooperation which has just completed its permanent organization under the auspices of the League of Nations.

The committee will have headquarters in Paris, where the French Government has donated a building as temporary offices and 2,000,000 francs for operating expenditures. In more than two years countries national intellectual co-operation committees have been formed. The work of all will be collected and central offices designated.

The idea back of the elimination of these "war" errors, according to Dr. L. P. A. van der Bruggen, of Holland, who proposed a scheme for international textbooks, is to lay a foundation for international understanding which will be inestimable value to the future generations to live in peace.

Dr. Van der Bruggen suggests the adoption of a universal textbook on history and culture, and cultural features of international life. The book is to be compiled by the international committee and chapters on various countries are to be written by that country qualified to undertake the task.

International goodwill, mutual understanding, and friendly peace should be stressed, while things international, racial prejudice, misunderstanding, hatred and disorder should be "tamed down" or eliminated, the committee believes.

## London Has Gloom Club

Place Where People Can Discuss All Their Troubles

In London the latest thing to be a member of a "Gloom Club." There one need no longer suffer in silence, but may proclaim one's woes and grumbles to the for the noon, symposium, but perhaps by difficult to get in company that is, if one is not afraid of the club.

As a variant to the intervals of sad talk, the club arrange excursions to various parts of the city. No mention is made of domestic affairs, but again it would appear that certain possibilities, such as horse fair furniture, are being overlooked.

The idea of the club is not a new one. Such organizations flourished a century ago in London, and in fact record that besides the devoted of "diffuse melancholy" there were some for high serious and intellectual or non-melancholy. Notable residents of the land of cakes will note that there was even a "gloom club" where the members met to exchange confidences on how they had contrived to save an eighth of a cent. Another one had a "gloom club" where the members met to exchange confidences on how they had contrived to save an eighth of a cent. Another one had a "gloom club" where the members met to exchange confidences on how they had contrived to save an eighth of a cent. Another one had a "gloom club" where the members met to exchange confidences on how they had contrived to save an eighth of a cent.

## Eating Your Weight In Salt

Over 800 Million Pounds of Salt Produced in Canada Annually

194 you use your hundred pounds of salt last year? If not you did not get your share for, according to the natural resources intelligence service, there are over 800 million pounds of this necessary substance used or sold by industry in Canada annually. Even then we use less than the citizens of the United States, for in 1934 they consumed one hundred and twenty pounds per capita, and we have been known to consume as high as one hundred and twenty-seven pounds.

Fortunately the whole of the Canadian production comes from near Windsor, Ontario, although the Manitoba deposits of Nova Scotia are becoming of increasing importance to the fishing industry especially. The Ontario deposits sometimes reach a thickness of 250 feet. Despite these splendid mines almost half of the salt used in Canada is imported.

## British Columbia Minerals

The mineral deposits of British Columbia continue to command the attention of capitalists, particularly those in the United States whence the bulk of the capital for the development of the natural resources of the province has been derived. English and American Canadian capital is also paying attention to the mineral resources of British Columbia.

Streamers of colored paper often are used to decorate gowns in China.

## SKI-ING IN MIDSUMMER AT JASPER PARK



Pair lovers of winter sports gathered on the Carvill Glacier at Jasper National Park on August 21st, for a trout on the lake. From left to right: Miss Flora MacDonald, Edmonton, Alta.; Miss Rita Nelson, Toronto; Miss Peggy Armour, North, Ont.; Miss Marjorie, New Toronto; Miss Marie MacDonald, Edmonton; and Miss Maria Grosse, New York City.







## Now is the time to Prepare For Cold Weather

SEE US ABOUT YOUR

### Stoves, Felt Striping

OR ANYTHING IN THE HARDWARE LINE

**Our Grocery, Fruit & Meat Dept's**  
Always carry a Fresh and Complete Line. Phone us and be Convinced—on both QUALITY and SERVICE.

Make this store your shopping headquarters.

**P. CAMPEAU & SON**

FREE DELIVERY

PHONE 33

## Interesting Local Items

The whist drive and social evening announced for Monday, Oct. 26th, has been postponed.

Official nominations for the Dominion election on Oct. 29th takes place today.

Next Thursday, Oct. 29th, will be election day. Don't neglect voting. There will be a heavy turnout.

Mrs. H. E. Howard and son, Walter, of Calgary, are in town this week the guests of Mrs. Hicks.

Be sure and keep Thursday, Nov. 5th open, for the big Halloween supper to be held in St. Ambrose Parish hall. More particulars next week.

At the U. F. A. convention held in Medicine Hat, H. C. McDaniel was chosen as the candidate for this constituency. Mr. McDaniel has long been associated with U. F. A. work in this district and is well known through out the constituency.

The smoker held last Saturday evening under the auspices of the local Liberal association, attracted a fair sized audience. There was a musical program but no addresses were delivered.

One bet was overlooked by Premier King on his western tour. He promised the completion of the Hudson's Bay railway, a big immigration policy for Peace River, cabinet ministry and Liberal Senators for almost every constituency, but he overlooked the building of the Hanna branch line for this constituency.

## YOUR VOTE & INFLUENCE ARE SOLICITED FOR

**Dr. GERSHAW**

LIBERAL CANDIDATE IN THIS CONSTITUENCY

DR. GERSHAW WILL ADDRESS THE ELECTORS IN

**Cameo Theatre, Here,**
**SATURDAY, OCT. 24th**

AT 8 O'CLOCK P.M.

## Mark Your Ballot as Follows:

BLACKSTOCK

**GERSHAW**

X

McDANIEL

(This is not an official ballot paper, and is used merely for advertising purposes.)

REDCLIFF LIBERAL COMMITTEE

Be Sure to Mark Your Ballot with an "X" and Not With a Figure

**FOR EXCHANGE**—A quantity of mangel, good for stock food. Will exchange for chicken feed. Apply to F. Cann.

Harold Cam of the Imperial Bank staff, Ferny, B.C., arrived in town yesterday to attend the wedding of his brother, Reg.

Jim Woodford of the Imperial bank staff here, received word yesterday morning that he is being moved to Creston, B.C. He left for that point last evening. Jim has been a faithful and efficient employee on the staff here. He will be greatly missed by patrons of the bank as well as by his many associates.

While visiting in his garden the other day, A. E. Towner unearthed one of the largest eucalypts we have ever seen in this part of the country. It measured two inches in length. Mr. Towner took the occasion of the school for experimental purposes. It has been placed in a glass container and its development through the chrysalis state will be watched with interest by the public. Should the development be completed it will produce an immense butterfly.

There will be an exhibition in Hall's Drug Store window on Saturday evening of this week: a model miniature engine, a complete duplicate of the large engines used on the C. P. R. The model is only about six feet long yet it is perfect in all parts and runs with accuracy. It was built by "Dad" Law of Medicine Hat. It has been exhibited in all parts of the world and is considered a wonderful piece of workmanship. Mr. Law was an engineer on the C. P. R. for years and is now on the pension list.

While engaged in repairing the machinery from the C. P. R. gas well in Medicine Hat last Monday, C.E. Duffield met with a very painful accident which might easily have resulted much more seriously for him. As it was he had a bone in his left wrist broken. In the thumb nail of his right hand at the first joint. A piece of timber prevented the accident from being more serious. Although still suffering much pain and inconvenience Mr. Duffield is able to get around and oversee the work in connection with repairing this machinery. He sustained these injuries by the falling of a large bit.

**LIGHTNIN'**

## RUBBER Footwear

**Saturday Special**

Rubber boots, suitable for miners, etc. .... \$5.75  
Men's rubber overs, Saturday price ..... 1.35  
Women's in same ..... 1.00  
Misses in same ..... .90  
Moccasins in same ..... .70  
Children's in same ..... .50  
These prices are for Saturday only; after Saturday you pay regular prices.

**Geo. N. Pearson**

GO TO  
**KEATS'**  
Billiard Parlor  
FOR BETTER SPORT  
Billiard Tournament  
NOW ON GOOD PRIZES

Also nice line of  
Tobacco, Cigars, Cigarettes,  
Soft Drinks, and Lowrey's  
Chocolates in Boxes  
If you are interested in billiards, the national indoor sport, drop in and watch the games.

## Cliff Dance Hall

For Dances, Whist Parties,  
Concerts, Driving Parties,  
Wedding Parties, etc.  
PRICES REASONABLE

**Wm. Keats**

2nd St. West Bldg. Phone 3

Don't overlook the political meetings called for Redcliff during the next week. U. F. A. meeting tonight, Dr. Gershaw, Liberal meeting, Saturday night and G. M. Blackstock, Conservative, next Tuesday.

## BIRTHS

**MARGRAVES**—In Nurse Patterson's hospital, Redcliff, on Monday, October 19, 1936, to Mr. and Mrs. C. Margrave, a son.

**REID**—In Carmichael, Stalk, on Tuesday, Oct. 19th, 1936, to Mr. and Mrs. Lorne M. Reid, formerly of Redcliff, a son—John Walter.

## Local Train Service

West Bound—  
No. 3—10:20 A.M.—Daily.  
No. 1—9:55 P.M.—Daily.  
East Bound—  
No. 4—7:52 P.M.—Daily.  
No. 5—7:12 A.M.—Daily.

## Confectionery Store Under New Management

We have taken over the business previously conducted by F. J. Dennis, and will continue business in the old stand, with a full line of

Confectionery, Soft Drinks,  
Fruits, Fancy Cakes, Cigars,  
Cigarettes and Tobacco.

GIVE US A CALL

**D. Kerr**


Don't shout... not too broad.  
Wide trousers... not too wide.  
Sung lips... not too snug.  
NOT TOO anything...  
that's the secret of  
Semi-ready smart clothes.  
And remember, not too expensive.

**Semi-ready  
TAILORING**

**JOE RIESER, Agent**

## Don't Pass This Over. It Means Money To You

## SPECIAL CASH PRICES FRIDAY and SATURDAY

Canned Tomatoes, Quaker Brand, 3 tins. .... 45c  
Eggo Baking Powder, reg 35c each, 2 tins. .... 58c  
Quaker Quick Oats, with Chinaware, 2 pkts. .... 70c  
The Royal Crown Soap, 6 bars to Carton, 2 cartons. .... 49c  
Royal Crown Soap Flakes, try these on wash day  
or dish washing, flour washing, 2 lbs. .... 29c  
Crown Olive Soap, similar to Palm Olive, 3 bars. .... 21c

## APPLES! APPLES!

The Famous O.K. BRAND—  
MACINTOSH REDS, extra fancy wrapped, \$2.90  
MACINTOSH REDS, loose, \$2.45  
Get a Box of These and Compare  
The Flavor & Quality with any other

**Third St. ED. COOKE Phone 42**  
SERVICE & SATISFACTION

## TO THE ELECTORS OF REDCLIFF

The Conservative Party confidently appeals for your support on grounds of policy, which, I think, must appeal to every thinking man and woman in Canada today.

1. Adequate protection for Canadian Industry and Agriculture. Adequate protection means work for our people at adequate wages. It means the gradual building up of a home market for our mixed farmers.
2. Development of our Natural Resources, such as Coal, Asbestos, Pulpwood and Nickel. Coal. We import from \$80,000,000 to \$100,000,000 of coal from the U. S. every year, in spite of the fact that Alberta has 15 per cent. of the world's available supply. Asbestos. We have 90 per cent. of the world's supply of Asbestos. We mine it and ship it to the U. S. where it is manufactured into a great variety of articles and sold in the markets of the world. Pulp, Etc. Do you believe in shipping out our logs, our pulpwood, and our pulp to be manufactured in the U. S. into finished products when it might as well be done here, giving employment to tens of thousands of workers in our own land. Nickel. We have in Canada almost all the world's supply of Nickel. We mine it, but the U. S. makes all the profits from its manufacture. Don't you believe it would be the wise thing for Canada to have a policy that will encourage the development of our tremendous resources and thus give employment to our own people? Keep them in this country, and have them help supply freight for our own railroads?

This is the policy of the Conservative party which I represent.

3. Stability of Government Policy. The value of our industrial products per year is about \$4,000,000,000. Do you believe it is conducive to expansion and business confidence to have in power a government that is constantly nibbling at and tampering with the tariff? In other words, do you want a government that is unstable and causes instability in business in this country? Do you want a Premier who will promise anything to get votes? Witness Mr. King's statements in Saskatchewan re the H. B. Railway.

We must have stable government and stability in business. We must encourage Canadian industry and the development of our natural resources for the benefit of our own people.

On these grounds I respectfully solicit your vote on the 29th of October.

G. M. BLACKSTOCK.

## Vote For Blackstock

It means voting for a government with a policy for the welfare of the whole of Canada; for the protection and development of our great natural resources for the benefit of Canada and its people. For the encouragement of British capital to help develop those resources. In short it is a policy of Canada first for Labor, Industry and Agriculture.

(The Redcliff Conservative Publicity Committee.)

## DO NOT DEFER YOUR DECISION

**4 1/2%** PROVINCIAL  
GUARANTEE

**SAVINGS  
CERTIFICATES**

Learn how to save—Choose a good investment—Begin now.

- 1. Purchase Province of Alberta "Demand Savings Certificates."
- 2. They bear interest at the rate of 4 1/2 per cent per annum.
- 3. They are issued at par in denominations of \$5, \$10, \$25, \$50, \$75, \$100, \$1,000 and \$10,000.
- 4. They are redeemable at par on demand at the office of the Deputy Provincial Treasurer.
- 5. They are backed by all the Resources of the Province of Alberta.

Remittances should be made by marked cheque, money order or postal note. All cheques receivable at par.

For further particulars, write or apply to

**HON. R. G. REID,**  
Provincial Treasurer.

**W. V. NEWSON,**  
Deputy Provincial Treasurer.